Quick Liners

We all know the 7 dwarfs (Sneezy, Sleepy, Dopey, Happy, Bashful, Grumpy, and Doc). What was the name of the 8th dwarf (the one who didn't quite make the cut)?
The Beginnings of Civilization in Italy
Quads complete

“The Romans – A Preview”
The Aeneid
(1) famous Roman _______ that connects the city of Rome to ____
The *Aeneid* (1) famous Roman _______ that connects the city of Rome to ________
• The *Aeneid*  
  (1) famous Roman **epic poem** that connects the city of Rome to
The *Aeneid* (1) famous Roman *epic poem* that connects the city of Rome to the Trojans.
(2) tells the story of _____
(a) __________________________
(b) one of ______________________
______________________________
(2) tells the story of **Aeneas**

(a) __________________________

(b) one of ______________________

___________________________
(2) tells the story of **Aeneas**
(a) **Trojan hero and prince**
(b) one of ______________________
____________________
(2) tells the story of Aeneas (a) Trojan hero and prince (b) one of the few to survive the destruction of Troy
Aeneas flees burning Troy
(c) he meets ___________ of _______ in ___________
(c) he meets **Queen Dido** of ________ in ________
(c) he meets **Queen Dido** of **Carthage** in ________
(c) he meets **Queen Dido** of **Carthage** in **North Africa**
Aeneas Tells Dido About the Fall of Troy
* they fall in love, but __________
  ________________ - ____________
  ____________

* Dido is very ___ - ____________

* she ________________
  ____________ - ________________
  _________________________
  (foreshadows _____________)
* they fall in love, but he is told by the gods to leave her – ____________

* Dido is very ___ – ______________

* she ____________________

_________ - ______________________

___________________________

(foreshadows _______________)


* they fall in love, but **he is told by the gods to leave her - his destiny is to found Italy**

* Dido is very _____ - ______________

* she ____________________________

_________________ - _________________

_______________________________

(foreshadows _________________)
* they fall in love, but **he is told by the gods to leave her** - **his destiny is to found Italy**

* Dido is very **upset** - ______________

* she ________________
  ____________ - ________________
  ________________
  (foreshadows ________________)
* they fall in love, but he is told by the gods to leave her - his destiny is to found Italy

* Dido is very upset - she kills herself

* she ____________________________
  __________________ - __________________

  (foreshadows _______________)

* they fall in love, but he is told by the gods to leave her - his destiny is to found Italy

* Dido is very upset - she kills herself

* she curses Aeneas and all his descendents - ______________________
  ______________________
  (foreshadows ______________)
* they fall in love, but **he is told by the gods to leave her** - **his destiny is to found Italy**

* Dido is very **upset** - **she kills herself**

* she **curses Aeneas and all his descendents** - **hatred always exists between Carthage and Rome**

(foreshadows ______________)
* they fall in love, but **he is told by the gods to leave her** - **his destiny is to found Italy**

* Dido is very **upset** - **she kills herself**

* she **curses Aeneas and all his descendents** - **hatred always exists between Carthage and Rome** (foreshadows **the Punic Wars**)
(d) he travels to ________________________
_____________ - he ____________________
________________________
(d) he travels to Italy - he
(d) he travels to Italy and marries a Latin - he __________________
(d) he travels to **Italy** and marries a **Latin princess** - he ________________
(d) he travels to **Italy** and marries a **Latin princess** – he and his people **mix with** ______________
(d) he travels to **Italy** and marries a **Latin princess** - he and his people mix with Latin tribesmen
(3) _________ is very similar to ___

________

(a) written by ________________
(b) written in ________________
(3) **The Aeneid** is very similar to ____________

(a) written by ______________________
(b) written in _________________
(3) **The Aeneid** is very similar to **the Odyssey**
(a) written by ________________
(b) written in ________________
(3) The Aeneid is very similar to the Odyssey
(a) written by Virgil, a Roman poet
(b) written in _______________
(3) The **Aeneid** is very similar to the **Odyssey**
   (a) written by **Virgil, a Roman poet**
   (b) written in **Latin, not Greek**
Quick Liners

We all know the 7 dwarfs (Sneezy, Sleepy, Dopey, Happy, Bashful, Grumpy, and Doc). What was the name of the 8\textsuperscript{th} dwarf (the one who didn't quite make the cut)?
• ______ and ______ - myth of ______
• **Romulus** and **Remus** – myth of ____
• **Romulus** and **Remus** – myth of **how the city of Rome is built**
(1) _______ and _______ are ______________ – sons of Mars (___) and a _____ ________, who is ________________ _____
(1) **Romulus** and **Remus** are ______________ — sons of Mars (___) and a _____ ________, who is _________________ ________
(1) **Romulus** and **Remus** are **twin brothers** - sons of Mars (___) and a ____ ______, who is ________________ ______
(1) Romulus and Remus are twin brothers – sons of Mars (Ares) and a _____ ________, who is ________________ ________
(1) Romulus and Remus are twin brothers – sons of Mars (Ares) and a Latin princess, who is ________________

_____
(1) **Romulus** and **Remus** are **twin brothers**—sons of Mars (**Ares**) and a **Latin princess**, who is a descendant of _______
(1) **Romulus** and **Remus** are **twin brothers** - sons of Mars (**Ares**) and a **Latin princess**, who is a **descendant of Aeneas**
(2) twins are ____________________ – punishment to princess ____________

__________________________
(2) twins are set adrift on punishment to princess
(2) twins are set adrift on Tiber River – punishment to princess ___________
(2) twins are set adrift on Tiber River - punishment to princess because she is not supposed to have kids
(3) saved by

____________________
(3) saved by a she-wolf
(3) saved by a she-wolf (a female wolf)
(4) rescued by __________ (who does this sound like?)
(4) rescued by a shepherd (who does this sound like?)
(4) rescued by a shepherd (who does this sound like?)
(5) ______ and ______ argue over ____________________________
(5) **Romulus** and **Remus** argue over ___________________________
(5) **Romulus** and **Remus** argue over founding a city on the **Tiber River**
(6) each __________
   (a) _______ climbs __________________ -
       sees ____________ - claims ____

_________________________________________
(6) each **climbs a hill**
(a) _______ climbs __________________ -
    sees __________ - claims ____
    _____________________________
(6) each \textbf{climbs a hill}
(a) \underline{Romulus} climbs \underline{______________} -
sees \underline{________} - claims \underline{_____}

\underline{_________________________________}
(6) each **climbs a hill**
(a) **Romulus** climbs **to top of Palatine** -
sees ___________ - claims ____

____________________________
(6) each **climbs a hill**  
(a) **Romulus** climbs **to top of Palatine** - sees **12 vultures** - claims ____

---

![Image of vultures flying in the sky]
(6) each **climbs a hill**

(a) **Romulus** climbs **to top of Palatine** - sees **12 vultures** - claims it's a sign____________________
(6) each climbs a hill
(a) Romulus climbs to top of Palatine - sees 12 vultures - claims it's a sign his city will last 1200 years
(b) _______ and _______ fight - _______
(b) **Romulus** and **Remus** fight - ______

_______
(b) **Romulus** and **Remus** fight - _______ is killed
(b) **Romulus** and **Remus** fight - **Remus** is killed
(7) ______ becomes king ________
(7) **Romulus** becomes king
(7) **Romulus** becomes king of the new city called _____
(7) **Romulus** becomes king of the new city called **Rome**
• The true story
  (1) _____ first settled ________
  (2) ______ - village ____________
• The true story

(1) **Latinis** first settled __________

____________________________________

(2) _______ - village ________________
• The true story

(1) **Latin**s first settled **on the Tiber River** around

(2) _______ - village ________________
• The true story

(1) **Latins** first settled **on the Tiber River around the Palatine**

(2) _______ - village __________________
• The true story
  (1) **Latins first settled on the Tiber River around the Palatine**
  (2) _______ - village of 1000 people
The true story

1. **Latins first settled on the Tiber River around the Palatine**
2. **776 BCE - village of 1000 people**
Vatican

Tiber River (Tiberis)

Field of Mars (Campus Martius)

Quirinal Hill (Collis Quirinalis)

Viminal Hill (Collis Viminalis)

Capitoline Hill (Collis Capitolinus)

Esquiline Hill (Collis Esquilineus)

Palatine Hill (Collis Palatinus)

Caelian Hill (Collis Caelius)

Aventine Hill (Collis Aventinus)

Servian Wall (Murus Servii Tullii)
Side Note

* ___________________ – ______
* _______________________
* ________________________
* ________________________

___???
Side Note

* Fall of Rome - _______
* ___________________________________________________________________
  ___???
Side Note
* Fall of Rome - 476 CE
* ___???
Side Note
* Fall of Rome - 476 CE
* Was the mythical prediction true???
Side Note

* Fall of Rome - 476 CE
* Was the mythical prediction true???
The Pre-Romans

• Historical Founding of Rome

(1) ______________________
(a) settled in ________________
The Pre-Romans

• Historical Founding of Rome
  (1) *Latins (pre-Romans)*
  (a) settled in _______________
      _______________________

[Map showing the Tiber river and Rome]
The Pre-Romans

• Historical Founding of Rome
  (1) **Latins (pre-Romans)**
  (a) settled in **Latium, south of**
The Pre-Romans

- Historical Founding of Rome
  
  (1) **Latins (pre-Romans)**
  
  (a) settled in Latium, south of Tiber River,
The Pre-Romans

• Historical Founding of Rome
  (1) Latins (pre-Romans)
  (a) settled in Latium, south of Tiber River, about 1000 BCE
(b) ______ tribe - ________________

______
(b) **barbaric** tribe - _______________
(b) **barbaric tribe** - **not an advanced culture**
(c) settled along ___________
* used it for ________________
(c) settled along the Tiber River
* used it for ____________________
(c) settled along the Tiber River
* used it for defense, highway for trade, fishing, etc.
(d) were * grew
(d) were **shepherds and farmers**
* grew ____________________________

____
(d) were shepherds and farmers
* grew wheat, barley, grapes, and olives
(2) __________________________
(a) Italy's 1\textsuperscript{st} ______________
________________
(2) **Etruscans (pre-Romans)**

(a) Italy's 1\textsuperscript{st} ________________
(2) Etruscans (pre-Romans)
(a) Italy's 1\textsuperscript{st} highly civilized people
(2) Etruscans (pre-Romans)
   (a) Italy's 1st highly civilized people

What does “civilized” mean?
(b) settled land

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
(b) settled land **north of the**
(b) settled land north of the Tiber River

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
(b) settled land north of the Tiber River called ____________________
(b) settled land north of the Tiber River called Etruria...
(b) settled land north of the Tiber River called Etruria about 900 BCE

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
(c) called _____________________________
(c) called "People of the Sea" - _______
(c) called **“People of the Sea”** – good at **sailing**
(c) called “People of the Sea” - good at sailing
(d) pirates first, then ____________
(d) pirates first, then traders - very
(d) pirates first, then traders - very wealthy
(e) ________
* used ________________
* used ____________________

Farmers
(e) **farmers**

* used ______________________
* used ______________________

__________
(e) farmers
* used _____ to plow
* used ____________________________

__________
(e) **farmers**  
* used **cattle to plow**  
* used ________________
(e) farmers
* used cattle to plow
* used _______ tools to grow_______

 Farmers
(e) farmers
* used cattle to plow
* used iron tools to grow_____

__________
(e) **farmers**

* used **cattle to plow**
* used **iron tools to grow barley, wheat, etc.**
(f) miners
(f) miners
* mined

____________________
____________________
____________________

________________________________________
(f) miners
* mined copper, lead, iron, and tin to make________

__________________
(f) miners
* mined copper, lead, iron, and tin to make weapons, jewelry, and utensils
(g) had a __________
* used ______________________
________
* had __________________________
(g) had a **strong army**

* used ________________________________

________________________

* had ________________________________
(g) had a **strong army**

* used **phalanx** (borrowed from *

* had ____________________________________

---

#1 Army of Lars Porcenna 5th C BC
(g) had a **strong army**
* used **phalanx** *(borrowed from Greeks)*
* had ___________________
(g) had a **strong army**
* used **phalanx** (borrowed from **Greeks**)
* had **good leather shoes**
(g) had a **strong army**
* used **phalanx** *(borrowed from Greeks)*
* had **good leather shoes** - traction
(h) by _______________________

* took over ____________________

* _____________________________

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
(h) by 616 BCE, they controlled

* took over ______________________

* ______________________

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
(h) by 616 BCE, they controlled northern Italy
* took over _____________________
* ____________________________
(h) by 616 BCE, they controlled northern Italy. * took over the Romans / Latins. *
By 616 BCE, they controlled northern Italy. *took over the Romans / Latins* *Lucius Tarquinius - 1st Etruscan king over Romans / Latins*

Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
Map showing the extent of the Etruscan civilization and the twelve Etruscan League cities.
Business

* Reminders
  (1) quiz tomorrow
  (2) art project due Thursday

* Quiz review and PowerPoint on my wiki

* Go through Lost & Found

* Check textbook worksheet (Etruscans)
Beginnings of Civilization in Italy – Notes (page 3)
The Pre-Romans (cont.)

• Historical Founding of Rome (cont.)
  (2) More about ____________
  (i) loved __________
  *
  ________________
The Pre-Romans (cont.)

- Historical Founding of Rome (cont.)
  (2) More about **the Etruscans**
  (i) loved _____________

* __________________________

___________________________
The Pre-Romans (cont.)

- Historical Founding of Rome (cont.)
  (2) More about the Etruscans
  (i) loved a good time
  *
  ________________________________
  ________________________________

* The Etruscans loved a good time.
The Pre-Romans (cont.)

• Historical Founding of Rome (cont.)
  (2) More about the Etruscans
    (i) loved a good time
    * sports, music, dancing, games, feasting, etc.
(j) women
(j) women were considered to men.
(j) women **were considered equal to men**
(k) had

__________________________

*________________________,
________________________,

________________________
(k) had **a class structure within their society**

* ____________, ________,
had a class structure within their society
* upper class, working class, slave class
(l) __________ (similar to __________)
* ___________ – ________________
* _______ – ________________

__________
(1) __________ (similar to the Greeks)
* __________  -  ______________
* _______  -  __________________
  __________
(1) polytheistic (similar to the Greeks)
(1) polytheistic (similar to the Greeks)
* __________ - predicted events
* ____ - ____________________________
(l) polytheistic (similar to the Greeks)
* soothsayers - predicted events
* _____ - __________________________

__________
(1) polytheistic (similar to the Greeks)
* soothsayers – predicted events
* _____ – signs of what will happen in the future
polytheistic (similar to the Greeks)
* soothsayers – predicted events
* omens – signs of what will happen in the future
Bonus Information!!!

• Etruscans built the first temple in Rome on the _________ (1 of the 7 hills of Rome)
Bonus Information!!!

- Etruscans built the first temple in Rome on the **Capitoline** (1 of the 7 hills of Rome)
(m) dead ________________________
____________________________
* covered _____________________
* ____________________________
____________________________
(m) dead were buried in underground tombs
* covered ____________________
* __________________________
* ____________________________
(m) dead **were buried in catacombs** - underground tombs
* covered __________________
* __________________________
____________________________
(m) dead *were buried in catacombs - underground tombs*
*covered* the walls with________
*______________________________

______________________________
dead were buried in catacombs - underground tombs
* covered the walls with frescoes
*
(m) dead **were buried in catacombs** - underground tombs  
* covered **the walls with frescoes**  
* **many cities had a cemetery outside called a** _______
(m) dead were buried in catacombs - underground tombs
* covered the walls with frescoes
* many cities had a cemetery outside called a necropolis
(n) King Tarquinius - last Etruscan king of Rome * kicked out in 509 BCE by the Latins
Etruscan Contributions to the Latins/Romans

• __________ and __________ skills

(1) ___, ___________, _____________
Etruscan Contributions to the Latins/Romans

- **Architecture** and ___________ skills
  
* (1) ___, ____________, ______________
Etruscan Contributions to the Latins/Romans

- **Architecture** and **engineering** skills

(1) ____, ____________, ______________
Etruscan Contributions to the Latins/Romans

- **Architecture** and **engineering** skills

(1) ___, ___________, _______________
Etruscan Contributions to the Latins/Romans

• Architecture and engineering skills
  (1) arch, sewer system, drainage system
• Funeral ____________________
  (1) became _____________
Funeral slave fights to death (1) became ____________
• Funeral **slave fights to death** (1) became **gladiator fights**
(1) symbol of
- **rods tied around an axe**
  (1) symbol of _____________________
- **Fasces** – rods tied around an axe
  (1) symbol of __________________
• **Fasces** - rods tied around an axe
  
  (1) symbol of **power and authority**
Catalogus Romanarum vocum.

Grata origine derivatarum, in usum utriusque linguae studiosorum, brevem expositione digestus.

aggello nuntio. Hinc angelos, sanctus Evangelista, unde Evangelista, nam igitur significat.

CAPVT II.

Catalogus Romanarum vocum.

quia origine derivatarum, in usum et multisque linguas studiosorum, brevi expositione digestus.

A γελλω nuntio. Hinc αγγελος o angelus: αγγελις ευαγγελιον faustum nuntiu in & ευαγγελιω, unde Evangelista, nam Io bene significat.

• _____ - Rome’s public square
• Forum – Rome’s public square